

# Sexual Reproduction and Genetics

## Section 3 Gene Linkage and Polyploidy

**Main Idea**

**Details**

**Scan** the headings, boldfaced words, pictures, figures, and captions in Section 3.

- Read all section titles.
- Read all boldfaced words.
- Look at all pictures and read the captions.
- Look at all figures.
- Read all captions.

*Predict three things that you think will be discussed.*

1. \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
2. \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
3. \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

**Review Vocabulary**

*protein*

*Use your book or dictionary to define protein.*

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

**New Vocabulary**

*genetic recombination*

*Use your book or dictionary to define each term.*

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

*polyploidy*

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

**Section 3 Gene Linkage and Polyploidy** (continued)

**Main Idea** \_\_\_\_\_

**Details** \_\_\_\_\_

**Genetic Recombination**

*I found this information on page \_\_\_\_\_.*

**Calculate** the number of chromosome combinations due to independent assortment by filling in the chart. Use the formula  $2^n$ . The first one has been done for you.

Species	Chromosome Number ( $n$ )	Possible Combinations
Pea	7	$2^7 = 128$
Housefly	6	
Cabbage	9	
Fruit fly	4	
Frog	13	

**Gene Linkage and Chromosome Maps**

*I found this information on page \_\_\_\_\_.*

**Summarize** at least five pieces of information about genetic recombination by creating a concept map below.

**Section 3 Gene Linkage and Polyploidy (continued)**

**Main Idea** \_\_\_\_\_

*I found this information on page \_\_\_\_\_.*

**Details** \_\_\_\_\_

**Complete** the paragraph about gene linkage.

- chromosomes
- farther
- inherited
- sequence
- crossing over
- individual genes
- linked

Genes close together on the same chromosome are \_\_\_\_\_.  
 Linked genes are usually \_\_\_\_\_ together. \_\_\_\_\_,  
 not \_\_\_\_\_, follow Mendel’s law of independent  
 assortment. Linked genes might become separated, as a result of  
 \_\_\_\_\_. Crossing over is more likely to happen if  
 genes are \_\_\_\_\_ apart on a chromosome.

**Analyze** whether the gene linkage is an exception to, or an example of, Mendel’s law of independent assortment. Use an example from your book.

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

**Polyploidy**

*I found this information on page \_\_\_\_\_.*

**Identify** four species that show polyploidy.

1. \_\_\_\_\_
2. \_\_\_\_\_
3. \_\_\_\_\_
4. \_\_\_\_\_

**SUMMARIZE**

Compare and contrast gene linkage to polyploidy and how they do not follow all of Mendel’s laws of inheritance.

Gene Linkage	Polyploidy