6.1- Atoms, Elements, and Compounds (Day 1)

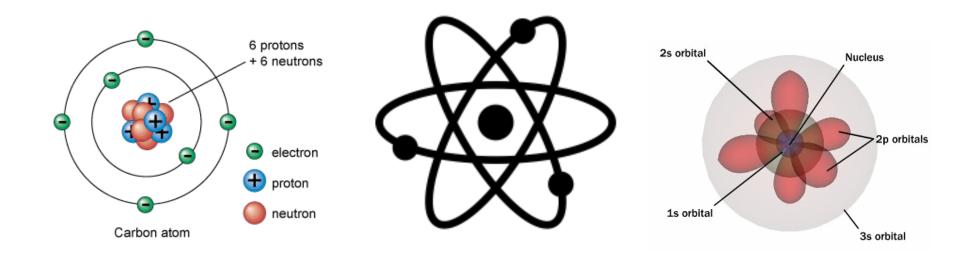
Matter is anything that has mass and takes up space.

Everything in the universe is either matter or energy.

Atoms are the basic unit of matter.

They are the building blocks of all matter (everything).

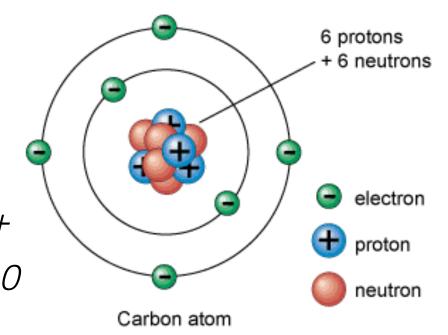
Remember- cells are the basic unit of LIFE



Atoms are made up of smaller pieces called subatomic particles

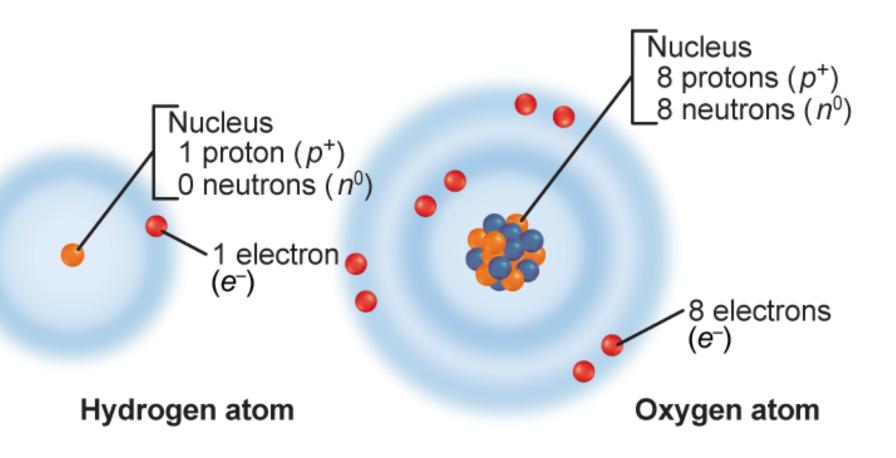
in the nucleus:

Protons (positive) p^+ **Neutrons** (neutral) n^0



Orbit around the nucleus **Electrons** (negative) e^{-}

It takes about 1,800 electrons to equal the mass of one neutron

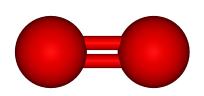


A molecule is a group of atoms bonded together.

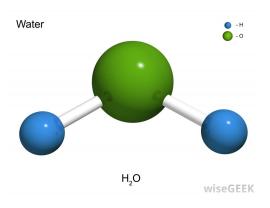
Ex: Oxygen Water

 O_2

 H_2O





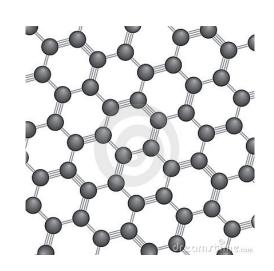


An **element** is a **pure substance** that cannot be broken down into other substances.

Ex: Oxygen, Carbon

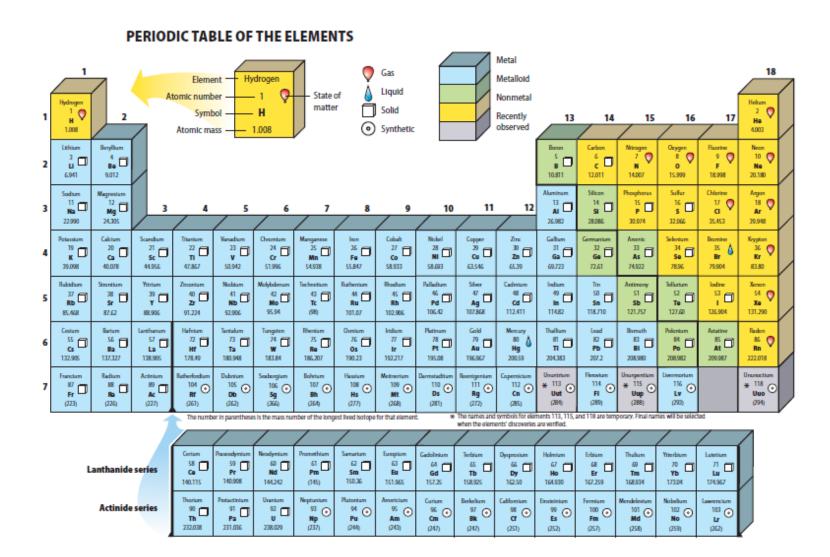
O

C



Each element has a unique name and symbol.

The periodic table of elements



CHNOPS

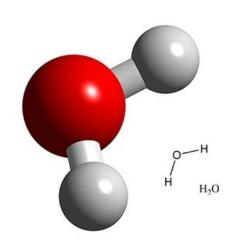
Most common elements:

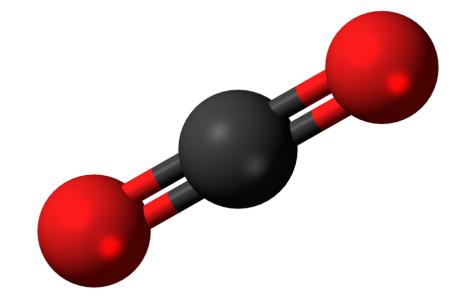
carbon hydrogen nitrogen oxygen phosphorus sulfur

A **compound** is two or more elements chemically combined

Ex: Water H₂O

Carbon Dioxide CO₂





Compounds are formed from elements in a **fixed ratio**.

O₂ Oxygen H₂O Water

 O_3 Ozone H_2O_2 Hydrogen Peroxide

Compounds can be broken down into their elements.

A mixture is two or more molecules that are NOT chemically combined.

Ex: air

